

Cosmology Questions

The Smooth Universe

1. What are the major components of the Universe?
2. What is the one quantity that determines the fate of the Universe?
3. How is Ω defined?
4. What is the order of magnitude of the critical density? How many hydrogen atoms does this correspond to?
5. What contributes to ρ ?
6. How does ρ change with time? Sketch a log-log plot of the various components of ρ against time. Explain the crossing points on the plot; roughly at what redshifts do they occur?
7. How do you characterize these three components? (ans: equation of state)
8. What are SNe teams measuring? Draw a plot of their data and discuss: What can be found from these observations and how?.
9. What is the key evidence for Λ ?
10. What is the connection between CMB measurements and the SNe results?
11. Briefly describe how $\mu-z$ plots behave with and without Λ . (sketch the plot)
12. What can contribute to curvature other than Λ ?
13. What are the main assumptions of the R-W Friedmann model?
14. What evidence is there for the isotropy of the Universe?
15. What observations indicate an accelerating Universe?
16. Write down the Friedmann equation. Write down the “second” Friedmann equation.

17. What is the general equation of state (EOS)? What is the EOS for the different components of the Universe? What components cause deceleration? Acceleration?
18. How does the Hubble constant depend on density?
19. What is Ω currently believed to be? What are its various components believed to be?
20. Sketch Ω versus time.

The Bright Side: Thermal History, BBN

21. What is the most abundant particle in the Universe? (Photons or hydrogen?)
22. Estimate the number density of photons. Where are they?
23. How can you estimate the number density from the CMB?
24. How does the number density depend on temperature?
25. Are neutrinos more related to matter or radiation?
26. How does the number density of neutrinos compare to photons? Does it depend only on T ?
27. When did neutrinos decouple?
28. Why are the photon and neutrino temperature different?
29. How does the number density scale with scale factor?
30. What about the energy density?
31. What is the current best constraint on neutrino families? How does BBN constrain it?
32. What determines how a evolves? Write the equation.
33. What happens to a if there are more neutrinos? How does this effect BBN?
34. On what three factors does the helium abundance depend?
35. How do we determine if neutrinos are relativistic?

36. What is the temperature of radiation today? In electron volts?
37. What is mc^2 for electrons? How does this compare to the temperature of radiation (kT_γ)?
38. If $m_\nu c^2$ is similar to kT_γ today, were neutrinos relativistic earlier?
39. How does photon behavior differ from neutrino behavior? (ans: bosons vs. fermions)
40. Does this difference in statistics affect the scaling with a ?
41. Why is ρ_Λ the “ugliest number” in physics?
42. What is the Planck scale?
43. How do the de Broglie wavelength and Schwarzschild radius scale with mass?
44. What does BBN tell us about Ω_b ?
45. How do different values of Ω_b affect BBN abundance ratios?
46. How are electrons and photons coupled?
47. What is the difference between Thomson and Compton scattering? Why is Thomson applicable?
48. Estimate the temperature of photons at recombination.
49. Why is n_n/n_p important for nucleosynthesis?

The Dark Side

50. What are the dark matter problems (baryonic and non-baryonic)?
51. Before modern measurements, what was the evidence for non-baryonic DM? How does the growth of structure depend on DM?
52. Is CDM an ideal gas?
53. What are the observations that indicate DM?

The Lumpy Universe: Structure Formation History

54. **Draw a typical CDM fluctuation spectrum. These are fluctuations of what?**
55. **Why is there a special scale in $P(k)$?**
56. **What size scales grow first?**
57. **What is the primary mechanism for structure formation?**
58. **What is the Jeans wavelength? Derive it, roughly, without constants.**
59. **What does the sound speed mean?**
60. **Compare the free-fall and sound crossing timescales. What happens if $\lambda < \lambda_J$?**
61. **What happens if $\lambda < \lambda_J$ in an expanding Universe?**
62. **Sketch the CMB power spectrum.**
63. **What does l mean? How is l related to the angular scale? Why is $l = 200$ important? What scale is that?**
64. **Why the peaks and troughs? Why no peaks in CMB at $l < 200$?**
65. **What is the sound speed in fluid before and after decoupling? Why do you get these values?**
66. **What mass scale is associated with the sound speed after decoupling?**
67. **How does ρ scale with time in a static Universe? In an expanding one?**
68. **How does a perturbation (in the matter-dominated era) change with the scale factor a ?**
69. **Is non-baryonic DM important during acoustic oscillations?**
70. **What is the fundamental force in acoustic oscillations? What leads to oscillations?**

71. **If the Universe had no non-baryonic DM, how would the growth of structure be different?**
72. **Does the collapse of baryons after recombination depend on CDM? If there were no CDM, how would the growth of baryons change?**
73. **How fast do fluctuations grow with z ?**
74. **What is the amount of growth since last scattering?**
75. **If there were no CDM, what would the fluctuations in baryons be now (quantitatively?) (Hint: What were they at last scattering? So, if there were no CDM, what would $\delta\rho/\rho$ be now? Would the baryons have grown enough?)**

Very Early Universe

76. **What is the significance of the Planck mass? What is its value?**
77. **Peaks of the CMB? How does the position of the first peak move, and what does this tell us?**
78. **What are the problems with the Big Bang model?**
79. **How far could photons have traveled at the time of the CMB?**